



## Write to the House of Lords about Abortion

**You can use the bullet points below to shape your communication with Peers - please use your own words as far as possible**

- Clause 191 was spurred on by a very small number of high-profile media stories of women being investigated: just 6 cases in the last 2 years. Although these are undoubtedly tragic cases, exceptional cases make for poor legislation, and regularly have unintended consequences.
- The cases which have arisen were rooted in the risky practice of 'abortion pills by post', which are now provided without an in-person appointment, and can mean pills being provided when they shouldn't have been. Amendment 460 would restore the previous safeguard and require in-person consultation before abortion pills are issued - please speak in favour of this change.
- The UK abortion time limit of 24 weeks is already significantly higher than in many other European countries, which generally have time limits around 10-14 weeks. At 24 weeks, the law recognises that babies are "viable": that is, they can live outside the womb.
- There has been no impact assessment conducted into the effects of Clause 191, even though it is widely understood that later abortions are significantly more risky for women: the recent statistics released about abortions in 2023 revealed that 21.4% of all abortion complications arose at 20 weeks or later, despite these late abortions representing just 1% of all abortions.
- Clause 191, and the lack of in-person consultations for abortion pills, put at risk mothers who are suffering from coercion, such as those in abusive relationships. For example, an in-person check would have prevented the case of Stuart Worby, who was convicted in October 2024 of giving abortion pills to his pregnant partner without her knowledge.
- Because Clause 191 decriminalises abortion up-to-birth for any reason, it does not protect babies from the risk of sex-selective abortion. A recent [Mail-on-Sunday report](#) revealed that it is likely that this is still being practised within certain communities. Amendment 459, which we support, would maintain the possibility of prosecution in cases such as these.

**We believe the Peers listed below are most likely to be open to opposing Clause 191, so please do encourage them to speak during the debate.**

You can write to as many of these as you would like, but if selecting a sample, please select names from this list at random, to give us the best chance of hitting a wide range of names.

If you are writing a letter to a Peer, address your letter to a specific member, and post it to: **House of Lords, London, SW1A 0PW**. Alternatively, you can find email addresses for members of the House of Lords at: [members.parliament.uk/members/Lords](http://members.parliament.uk/members/Lords)

Baroness Altmann	Baroness Falkner of Margravine
Lord Alton of Liverpool	Lord Farmer
Viscount Astor	Baroness Finlay of Llandaff
Lord Bailey of Paddington	Lord Flight
Lord Beith	Baroness Fookes
Baroness Berridge	Baroness Foster of Aghadrumsee
Lord Bethell	Lord Framlingham
Lord Birt	Lord Frost
The Lord Bishop of Derby	Lord Green of Deddington
Lord Blencathra	Lord Greenway
Baroness Boycott	Baroness Grey-Thompson
Lord Brennan	Lord Griffiths of Fforestfach
Viscount Bridgeman	Viscount Hailsham
Lord Browne of Belmont	Lord Harries of Pentregarth
Baroness Browning	Lord Hastings of Scarisbrick
Baroness Buscombe	Lord Hay of Ballyore
Lord Butler of Brockwell	Baroness Hoey
Baroness Campbell of Surbiton	Baroness Hollins
Lord Carey of Clifton	Lord Holmes of Richmond
Lord Carter of Coles	Baroness Hooper
Lord Chartres	Earl Howe
Baroness Coffey	Lord Hussain
Baroness Cox	Lord Inglewood
Lord Craig of Radley	Lord Jackson of Peterborough
Lord Curry of Kirkharle	Lord Jopling
Lord Deben	Lord Kilclooney
Lord Dodds of Duncain	Lord Kirkhope of Harrogate
Lord Drayson	Baroness Lawlor
Baroness Eaton	Baroness Liddell of Coatdyke
Lord Elliott of Mickle Fell	Lord Low of Dalston
Lord Empey	Baroness Maclean of Redditch
Lord Evans of Rainow	Baroness Manzoor

Lord McColl of Dulwich
Lord McCrea of Magherafelt and Cookstown
Lord McInnes of Kilwinning
Baroness McIntosh of Pickering
Baroness Meyer
Lord Mitchell
Baroness Monckton of Dallington Forest
Lord Morrow
Lord Moylan
Baroness Neville-Jones
Baroness Neville-Rolfe
Baroness Nicholson of Winterbourne
Baroness O'Loan
Baroness O'Neill of Bengarve
Lord Patten
Lord Porter of Spalding
Lord Ranger
Baroness Ritchie of Downpatrick
Lord Robathan
Lord Sandhurst
Lord Sentamu
Lord Sherbourne of Didsbury
Lord Shinkwin
Lord Singh of Wimbledon
Baroness Smith of Newnham
Baroness Spielman
Baroness Stroud
Lord Taylor of Warwick
The Lord Bishop of Coventry
The Lord Bishop of Peterborough
The Lord Bishop of Winchester
The Duke of Somerset

The Earl of Dundee
The Earl of Liverpool
The Earl of Lytton
The Earl of Stair
Baroness Thornhill
Lord Trefgarne
Viscount Trenchard
Lord Verdirame
Lord Wallace of Tankerness
Lady Warwick of Undercliffe
Lord Wei
Lord Wharton of Yarm
Baroness Williams of Trafford
Lord Wilson of Dinton
Baroness Wolf of Dulwich
Lord Young of Norwood Green
Viscount Younger of Leckie